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NOTE ON "TEXTS AND FRAGMENTS (62)"

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In volume 24/1-2 of this journal there appeared a copy by Dr. Mogens Trolle Larsen of the Institute of Assyriology of the University of Copenhagen of a Hittite fragment owned by Mr. Erik Somer of Copenhagen, Denmark. The fragment joins KUB 24 9 at lines 46 to 50 of column ii, and at lines x + 1-9 of column iii. Since the Copenhagen fragment now adds seven lines to the upper extremity of line 9, column iii, one will now have to renumber the present line 9 iii x + 1 and following as x + 8 and following. What Professor Larsen designated "Obv.?" in his copy is actually r. iii, and what he labeled "Rev.?" is actually o. ii. Professor Larsen's copy, which shows a number of sign shapes which will raise the eyebrows of many Hittitologists, is probably accurate to a fairly high degree, since a comparison with the hand copies of the late Arnold Walther from the same tablet reveals many of the same peculiarities. Professor Larsen deserves the thanks of Hittitologists for making this valuable piece available.

The Copenhagen fragment, together with pieces published earlier in KUB 24 9, KBo 12 126 and 127, constitute Exemplar A of the Ritual of ^fMalli of the land of Arzawa. Portions of at least three other copies of this ritual are presently known. A complete edition of the ritual, utilizing all known published and unpublished pieces, has been announced as in preparation by Frau Dr. Liane Rost of the Staatliches Museum in East Berlin.

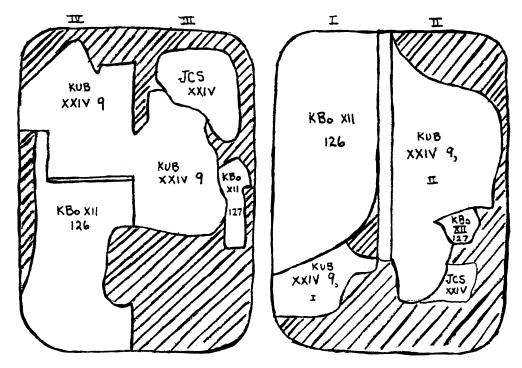
Transliteration

- ii §22 45 na-at GIŠNÁ-aš k[(at-ta-an da-a-i)]
 - 46 na-at-ši kat-ta-an še-eš-zi ^{GIŠ}NÁ ša-ašta-an ^{SIG}e-ša-[(ra-an ki-it-kar-za)]
 - 47 \tilde{U} I-NA RA-AP-ŠI¹ ha-ma-ak-zi²
 - §23 48 I-NA UD.2.KAM ma-a-an lu-uk-kat- ta^3 nu $p\acute{a}t\text{-}tar$ $^{\text{GI\r{S}}}N\r{A}\text{-}az$ kat-t[(a-an)]
 - 49 ar-ha da-a-i na-at-kán UKÙ-ši⁴ še-er ar-ha wa-ah-nu-[(uz-zi)]
 - 50 nu me-ma-i LÚ.UR.GIR_x-aš LÚ-aš ke-e al-wa-an-za-ta

- 51 al-wa-an-zi-ni UKÙ-ši⁴ EGIR-[(pa zi-ik pa-a-i)]
- 52 $na-at^5 tu-e-el^6 w[(a-a\check{s}-\check{s})i-\dots]^7$
- iii §26 1' nu te-ez-zi ke-e-iš-ši-⁸[(kán ke-e-ez kar-pa-an-du)]
 - 2' ke-e-iš-ši¹-kán ke-e-ez k[(ar-ap-pa-andu ke-e-e)š-ši-(kán SAG.DU-za)]⁹
 - 3' kar-pa-an-du ke-e- $\{e\check{s}^{-10}\}ma$ - $a\check{s}$ - $\check{s}i$ - $k\acute{a}n$ $[(\check{s})]a$ - $[(a\check{s}$ -ta- $za)^{11}$ (kar-ap-pa-an-du)]
 - §27 4' ma-a-an lu-uk-kat-ta-ma¹² nu ALAN.- $\text{HI.A}^{13} \ k[(at\text{-}ta\text{-}an)]$
 - 5' [(a)]r-ha da-a-i GAD-aš šu-u- el^{14} tuh u[(b-sa)]
 - 6' [(na-a)]t-ša-an A-NA 「ALAN」.HI.A še-er da-a[(-i)]
 - 7' $[(nu\text{-}za\ \check{S})]A^{15}\ \text{G}^{i\check{S}}\text{LAM.}\ \text{HAL}\ \check{\text{I}}\check{\text{S}}^{16}.\ \text{H}I.-$ A-a $\check{s}\ da$ -a-lu-up-pa-an [da-a-i]¹⁷
 - 8' [na-a]§18-§i-pa an-da ap-pi-i§19-ki-iz-zi nu te-ez[-zi]
 - 9' ka-a-aš IŠ.HI.A GIM-an kat-ta párku-nu-z[i (nu)]
 - 10' [(k)]u-u-u UKÙ-an²⁰ UZUÛR.HI.A²¹ $\lceil hu \rceil$ -u-ma-an-da QA-TAM-MA [(pár-ku-nu-ud)-du]
 - 11' ^{22}nu -uš-ši É-ZU iš-ta-[na?-na?-aš²-š]e?-[e]t? 23 KI.UD!?-ŠU! QA-DU DAM-[ZU]
 - 12' LÚMU-DI- $\tilde{S}U$ DUMU.MEŠ- $\tilde{S}U^{24}$ Q[(A-TAM-M)A] $p\acute{a}r$ -ku-nu-ud-du
 - §28 13' EGIR-an-da iš-ša!-na-aš 25 da-a-[lu-up-pa-]an da-a!-i! na-an- δ [(i)-kán an-da]
 - 14' ap-pt-iš-ki-iz-zi nu te-ez[-zi ka-a-aš x x] GIM!-an x[x x x]
 - 15' hu-iš-nu-iš-ki-iz-zi ku-u-u[n x x x (U)]K $\tilde{\rm U}^{26}$ -an h[u-u-ma-an-da]
 - 16' UZUŪR.HI.A QA-TAM-MA TI-ud-d[u nu x-M(EŠ- $\check{S}U$ QA-)]-TA[(M-M)A TI-ud-du]

TEXTUAL APPARATUS

Texts are designated by the letters assigned in E. Laroche, Catalogue des textes hittites (Paris, 1971), 71 402.



Sketch of the Composition of Exemplar A

- C ii 26 and B ii 5: //pa-du-um-ma-az-zi-ya; text:
 A and E 5.
- 2. B ii 5 and E 5: ha-ma-an-ki.
- 3. E 6: *lu-uq-qa-ta*.
- 4. E 6: an-t[u-uh-ši]; UKŪ-ši also in C ii 29.
- 5. So also in C ii 30; E 10 gives na-an.
- 6. So also B ii 9; E 10 gives tu-e[l].
- 7. From this point unto the line designated as col. iii 1' in "A" is a stretch which is found in "B" ii 9-24. Trace of a paragraph line preceding col. iii 1' can be seen in Larsen's copy (JCS 24 37).
- 8. B ii 25: ke-e-ši-kán over erased ke-e-iš-ši-kán; G iii 8: [ki]-i-ši-kán.
- 9. Restoration from G iii "10". I do not believe in the "missing" line "9", which is assumed by the copyist, Frau Rost. All line numbers in G after 9 should be reduced by one. I am here retaining her line count, but in quotation marks.
- 10. B ii 27: ke-e-ma-aš-ši-ká[n]; G iii "11": ke-e?-ma-aš-ši-kán.
- 11. Restoration from G iii "11".
- 12. G iii "12": lu-kat-ta.
- 14. G iii "13": GAD-aš-ša šu-i-el.
- 15. Restoration from B ii 32.
- 15a. On GIŠLAM.HAL see E. Laroche, RHA 68 45.
- 16. Larsen's copy (JCS 24 37) resembles DA, but G iii "16" has a clear IŠ, as does Walther in A iii 9'.

- 17. Restored on basis of A iii 13f.
- 18. G iii "15": na-at-ši-pa.
- 19. G iii "15": -eš-.
- 20. G iii "17": EN.SISKUR.
- 21. G iii "17": UZUŪR-pė?-eš[-šar?? ...]; for happeššar = UZUŪR see Friedrich HWb 54.
- 22. Paragraph stroke in G iii between "18" and "19".
- 23. G iii "19" [GI]ŠZAG.GAR.RA-aš[-še-el??]. Restoration suggested by H. G. Güterbock.
- 24. G iii "20": DUMU-ŠU.
- 25. Text: $i \check{s} t a^{(\text{sic})} n a a \check{s}$; G iii "21": $e e \check{s} \check{s} a n a a \check{s}$.
- 26. G iii "23": [U]KÜ?-an [....].

Translation

- §22 She (the old woman) places it (the basket) under a bed, and it spends the night under it (the bed). She attaches strings to the bed—to its head (and to its) cornerposts(?).
- §23 On the morning of the second day she takes the basket out from under the bed, waves it back and forth over the man, and says: "Oh hunter-man! Give this sorcery back to the sorceror! And [...] him² [with] your
- I understand LÜ UR.GIR_x-aš LÜ-aš as a nominal compound on the order of Akkadian lullû amīlu, hābilu amīlu, māliku amīlu (CAD A/2 52).
 - 2. So E 10; B ii 9 and C ii 30: "it".

[...]!" Then she unties the string from the bed and puts it in the basket.³

- §26 She says: "Let them remove these from him on this side! Let them remove those from him on that side! Let them remove these from him at the head! Let them remove those from him from the bed(ding)!
- §27 When it becomes morning, she removes the figurines from under (the bed). She unties the linen ribbon(s)⁴ and lays them on top of the figurines. She takes a daluppa-⁵ of
- 3. This last sentence does not appear in the above transliteration, but is found in B ii 10-11 and in E 11-12, and is included here just to complete the paragraph. Paragraphs 24, 25, and the first part of 26 are preserved in B ii 12-23; C ii 33'ff.; and E 13'ff. Since this portion of the text is not preserved in A (thus not on our JCS fragment), I have not included a transliteration or translation here.
- 4. For *šuel* see Friedrich HWb 196. A distinction in this context must be drawn between the *kapina*-("yarn") in this text always of wool, the *ašara-/ešara*-

- pistachio-"dust" and presses it against him, and says: "In the same way as this 'dust' thoroughly purifies, so may it purify this man (in) all (his) members! May it also purify his house, his altar, his threshing floor—including wife, husband and children!"
- §28 Afterwards she takes a daluppa- of dough and presses it against him, and says: "Just as [this dough] keeps [mankind(?)] alive, in the same way let it keep this [...] man alive (in) a[ll] (his) members! [Let it] likewise [keep] his [childre]n(?) alive!"

("string?") also of wool, and the *šuel-* ("thread?, ribbon?") of linen.

- 5. Note that in our text it is daluppa- with an a stem vowel, not daluppi-, as in the passages cited by Friedrich (Corolla Linguistica 46, n. 11). I would suggest a translation "lump (of dough, clay, moistened powder)". See also Friedrich HWb Erg. 3 31; B. Rosenkranz, Or NS 33 238ff.
- 6. IŠ.HI.A (i.e., SAHAR.HI.A) "dust" must in this context be a powder produced by crushing and grinding pistachio nuts.