

# Report of the Council of Management and of the Director for 1959

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# REPORT OF THE COUNCIL OF MANAGEMENT AND OF THE DIRECTOR FOR 1959

The past year has been notable for the various archaeological work carried out by the Director and others in many regions of Turkey, reports on which will be found on pages 5 to 10.

The Council records with sorrow the loss of one of the first Vice-Presidents, Mr. Harold Bowen, who represented the Royal Asiatic Society from the Institute's earliest days and who was a most active member of the Council until his death in June. Especially during the negotiations for establishing the Institute, his help was invaluable.

The Chairman's illness last summer gave rise to widespread expressions of sympathy; we are happy to report that he has now recovered and is ready to resume his leadership of the Council.

The Council is glad to report that the London office has now been moved to more suitable premises in Bryanston Street, where committee meetings can be held and where storage space has been found for the increasing stock of publications.

#### COUNCIL OF MANAGEMENT:

The Council received with regret the resignation of Dr. G. Caton-Thompson. The Royal Anthropological Institute, which she represented, has now nominated Professor W. F. Grimes to take her place.

The Royal Asiatic Society has nominated Sir Gerard Clauson, K.C.M.G., as its representative in the place of the late Mr. Harold Bowen. Both these nominations have been received with pleasure by the Council.

The resignation of Mr. W. C. Brice who had been an Elected Member of Council for eight years, has been received with regret.

## Lectures:

Two lectures were held in 1959 at the Society of Antiquaries to whom the Council is again greatly indebted for the use of its rooms. The lectures were:

Specimens of Turkish Traditional Songs and Music, by Mr. C. S. Mundy, on the 30th January, 1959.

Changing Aspects of Anatolian Archaeology: Completion of Ten Years' Field-Work, by Mr. Seton Lloyd, on the 27th February, 1959.

#### Publications:

Occasional Publication No. 5, The Geography of the Hittite Empire, by the late Professor J. Garstang and Dr. O. R. Gurney, appeared in April, and has met with much success. It is hoped to reprint the book early in 1960. An Index has now been added to A Classical Map of Asia Minor, which will add greatly to its usefulness. All who have bought the Map can apply for an Index which will be supplied free of charge.

Anatolian Studies and the books in the Occasional Publications series are in increasing demand.

#### LIBRARY:

There have been important additions to the Library during the past year, including many classical texts; the number of accessions total over eighty books. The Council acknowledges with grateful thanks the following presentations of books and offprints:

From the Authors:

Professor D. Talbot Rice, The Great Palace of the Byzantine Emperors, Second Report (Edinburgh, 1958).

Sir Leonard Woolley, A forgotten Kingdom, 2nd edition (London, 1959).

From The Hon. Sir Steven Runciman:

Spuler, Bertold, Die Mongolen in Iran (Berlin, 1955).

Barthold, W., Turkestan down to the Mongol Invasion, 2nd edition (London, 1958).

From Mr. D. B. Stronach:

Mallowan, Prof. M. E. L., Twenty-five years of Mesopotamian Discovery (London, 1956).

From the Türk Tarih Kurumu:

Turan, Osman, Türkiye Selcukluları Hakkinda Resmi Vesikalar (Ankara, 1958).

Özgüç, T., and Akok, M., Horoztepe (Ankara, 1958).

Esin, Emil, Türkistan Seyahatnamesi (Ankara, 1959).

Offprints of articles have been received from the following authors:

Profs. D. S. Rice, T. Özgüç, N. P. Lehmann, J. M. Cook; Drs. R. Amiran, F. Steinherr, J. B. Segal, G. M. A. Hanfmann; and Messrs. C. A. Burney, J. Ward Perkins, Ph. Petsas, and Miss D. Hereward.

#### ANKARA: THE YEAR'S WORK:

In Ankara the Institute has this year reached its maximum scale of activity to date, with more than thirty registered students or senior members working in various parts of Turkey and as many as five archaeological expeditions operating under its auspices. Almost all the British and Dominion scholars concerned have visited or been accommodated in the Institute during the course of their work and many visitors of other nationalities have been welcomed.

Owing to minor political complications, which hampered our advanced planning of the season's programme, the excavations actually subsidised by the Institute had to be postponed until the late summer and autumn. A third sounding at the prehistoric site called Hacılar, near Burdur, was undertaken by the Assistant-Director in August/September and our equipment was then transferred to Civril, where a sixth season of excavations at Beycesultan was conducted by the Director. At both sites extremely profitable results were obtained and are reported elsewhere in these pages. Professor D. S. Rice's Harran Expedition passed through Ankara in early July and returned two months later, after an intensive and successful season of excavating in the ruins of the famous frontier city. Mr. and Mrs. Michael Gough, with a staff of five archaeologists, arrived in mid-July to renew their explorations in Cilicia Aspera, which this year included the clearance of a fourth-century church near Dağpazarı and the recovery from its ruins of some unique relics. At Trebizond meanwhile, Messrs. David Winfield and Michael Smith representing the Russell Trust, worked throughout the summer and autumn on the restoration of frescoes in the church of S. Sophia. All these enterprises can now be reported in greater detail.

The activities of individual members, registered as students during the past session, may be summarised as follows:

- Dr. O. R. Gurney. Three months' work on the Sultantepe tablets in the Ankara Museum (accompanied by Mrs. Gurney).
- Mr. V. L. Ménage (S.O.A.S., University of London), Ottoman manuscripts in Istanbul Museums, etc.
- Dr. J. B. Segal (S.O.A.S., University of London). Recording mosaics and other antiquities in the environs of Urfa (Edessa).
  - Mr. A. E. North assisted Dr. Segal as architect and surveyor at Urfa.
- Professor J. M. Cook (University of Bristol). Reconnaissance of classical sites in the Troad area and a sounding near Marmaris, in company with Professor George Bean (Institute Correspondent in Istanbul).
- Mr. R. W. Hamilton (Ashmolean Museum, Oxford). Took part in the Harran Expedition.

Professor and Mrs. D. Talbot Rice (University of Edinburgh). Spent May/June studying Byzantine and Seljuk monuments.

- Dr. Veronica Seton-Williams (Institute of Archaeology, London) accompanied by Mrs. E. Coult. Neolithic sites in the Konya Plain and elsewhere.
- Mr. Charles Burney (University of Manchester, sometime Institute Fellow). Bronze and Iron Age sites in the eastern provinces.
- Mr. David Stronach (sometime Institute Scholar), Bronze and Iron Age metallurgy. Took part in Hacılar Expedition.
- Mr. David Wilson (Institute Fellow, 1959/60). Classical sites and inscriptions in the Pontic area.
- Mr. Martin Harrison (Institute Scholar, 1958-59). Byzantine remains in the province of Lycia. With Mrs. Harrison took part in excavations at Dağpazarı and Beycesultan.
- Mr. David French (Institute Scholar, 1959-60). Bronze Age and Chalcolithic archaeology of the Aegean river-valleys. Took part in excavations at Hacılar. Accompanied for part of the time by Mrs. French.
- Mrs. Judy Birmingham (Institute Scholar, 1959-60). Iron Age archaeology of Anatolia and its Aegean connections.
- Dr. Elisabeth Rosenbaum (Warburg Institute). Roman portraits in Turkish Museums.

Miss Clare Goff (University of Edinburgh). Took part in excavations at Hacılar and Beycesultan.

Mr. Harry Smith (Christ's College, Cambridge). Took part in excavations at Beycesultan.

Miss Carol Cruikshank (University of St. Andrews). Took part in excavations at Beycesultan.

- Mr. Michael Brett (Architectural Association). Served as architect to the Beycesultan excavations.
  - Mr. D. E. Strong. Served as architect to the Harran Expedition.
  - Mr. T. T. Inglis. Served as architect to the Harran Expedition.
  - Mr. B. H. Pinder-Wilson (British Museum). Took part in the Harran Expedition.
  - Mr. R. I. L. Guthrie. Took part in the Dağpazarı excavations.

Guests of the Institute for short periods included Professor and Mrs. R. Braidwood, Professor and Mrs. R. M. Cook, Professor and Mrs. L. Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. P. Hulin, Mr. K. M. Guichard, Mr. G. Faudree of New College, Oxford, Professor R. A. Crossland, Mr. N. Jensen, and others.

The First International Congress of Turkish Arts took place at Ankara University in October during the Director's absence at Beycesultan. Professor D. S. Rice accompanied by Mrs. Rice re-visited Ankara for the occasion as guests of the organisers and took part in the Congress.

Some notable improvements have been made to the Ankara premises during the course of the 1959 session. A permanent water-supply has been insured by the installation of tanks, and the hostel has been partially re-equipped.

# **Excavations:**

## Beycesultan:

The sixth season of excavations at Beycesultan lasted rather more than six weeks, from 15th September until 28th October, when a five-day national feast intervened, coinciding with a change in the weather which would in any case have made further work impracticable. The expedition staff consisted of the Director and Mrs. Seton Lloyd, Mr. Martin Harrison (Institute Scholar for 1958-59) and Mrs. Harrison, Mr. Harry Smith of Christ's College, Cambridge, Miss Carol Cruikshank, Mr. Michael Brett as Architect and Bay Osman Aksoy as Turkish Government Representative. The Assistant Director and Miss Clare Goff also joined the party for the second half of the season.

We acknowledge with grateful thanks the following donations for excavations at Beyce, 1959:—

The Russell Trust, per	Major	David	Russ	sell			£500
H.E. Necdet H. Kent							TL. 112

# Hacilar:

The third season at Hacılar lasted from 10th August until 11th September. The Assistant Director was in charge, ably assisted by Mrs. Mellaart, Miss Clare Goff (surveyor), Mr. David Stronach (field assistant and photographer) and Mr. David French (pottery expert). Bay Osman Aksoy again represented the Turkish Department of Antiquities. As in previous years we were shown much courtesy and assistance by the local authorities in Burdur and the Vali, Bay Turhan Kapanlı, once more with great generosity took upon himself the task of filling in the excavation by bulldozer.

The following donations towards the excavating expenses at Hacılar, 1959, are gratefully acknowledged:—

Ashmolean Museum, Oxford.				•	•		£,100
University of Manchester, per Mr	. C. A	A. Burr	iey				£50

Reports on the season's work at Beycesultan and Hacilar are published elsewhere in this volume.

## Isauria and Cilicia, 1959:

Work carried out between July and September, 1959, has proved most successful, and the excavation of the small church at Dağ Pazari (noticed under para. C of last year's Annual Report) may be said to have made a useful contribution to the

Early Christian Archaeology of Southern Asia Minor. The expedition, which was again under the leadership of Mr. Michael Gough, was on a larger scale than in previous years, and was based again on the village school.

The church, built on a ledge overlooking the Kavak Gözü and dominated by a steep hill to the north, was found to be in an excellent state of preservation. This was due to the exceptional circumstance whereby a fire which had swept through the north aisle was followed almost immediately afterwards by a land-slide from the hill above it. The depth of earth and rubble varied over the whole length of the church from slightly more than 3 m. on the north to a few centimetres on the south, where villagers had already robbed away the whole outer wall and some of the paving slabs of the south aisle.

Excavation of the apse revealed three main periods of construction, represented by two superimposed mosaic floors and, finally, by a thick layer of limestone chips covered by slabs. Of the first mosaic only a small fragment remained, apparently deliberately preserved below the altar. This was an inscription with its border of guilloche, in which Papias the priest and Papias the deacon recorded their gift of the mosaic and the paintings of the church. Immediately above, with the width of a penknife blade between, was the second mosaic, decorated with purely geometric motives. The border was a scale pattern with central red florets, while the rest of the field consisted of interlinking roundels. On either side of the altar was an inscription, recording the fulfilment of a vow, that on the northern side being carried out by "a man of whom only God knows the name".

The whole of the altar base, with sinkings at the corners to take wooden (?) supports, was found in situ, while lying above it was the marble altar top, laid polished surface downwards, as if the priests had been anxious to prevent its desecration, and so exposed its less attractive, unworked side to possible looters. In the centre of the base, and set flush into it, was a white circular slab of marble. This was lifted to reveal a small rectangular recess, in which an oval silver reliquary and a small (broken) glass vessel were still in situ. The shape of the reliquary is almost identical with that of the 5th century example from Numidia in the Vatican Museum.

The bema mosaic (described in last year's Annual Report, loc. cit.) was apparently of the second period, and was separated from the main aisle of the church by a low wall on which stood four small columns. A pair of shallow steps led from the bema to the ambo, of which the moulded base was found in situ, projecting into the nave slightly to the north of centre.

The main body of the church, nave and aisles was paved; but the narthex still showed traces of its mosaic, a simple scheme of interlinking crosses in red, yellow, white and black.

As a result of its sudden collapse under the weight of earth from the hillside, the church had lost none of the columns and capitals from the northern stylobate, and many of these could be re-erected. They were rather stubby, with a coating of stucco.

Associated with this church is a 5th century bronze thurible, a unique object once in the hands of the Kaymakam of Mut and now in the Adana Museum. It was originally found by villagers digging at the southern edge of the site, and is in perfect condition. The hexagonal bowl is suspended from three chains, which join a single longer chain attached to a large cross. The sides of the bowl are decorated with figures in relief of Christ, two angels and three saints.

For the rest, the expedition undertook the excavation of a large basilica at Karlik in the Cilician Plain, at the request of the Department of Museums and Antiquities, and carried out extensive journeys of reconnaissance in Cilicia Trachea. In the course of these surveys, it is thought that the site of Irenopolis may have been discovered in the vicinity of Imamoglu; in addition a large number of early churches were recorded in the hinterland between Lamos and Erdemli, as well as in the neighbourhood of Ura and Uzuncaburc.

Harran:

The party consisted of D. S. Rice, R. W. Hamilton, R. H. Pinder-Wilson, D. E. Strong, T. E. Inglis (architect), and two *komiserler*, Sabahat Arad (Gaziantep Museum) and Halil Gültekin (Urfa Museum Depot).

Actual digging lasted from 15th July to 1st September, 1959.

1. The great Mosque. The plan has been completely established for this monument, which measures 100 × 100 m. Thirteen deep trenches were dug to probe into the structural history of the building which for the most part can now be called Ayyubid. The latest phase is that given by a dated capital, A.D.1174 (A.H. 570).

All the elements of the décor of the elaborate court façade have been recovered and we can now write an almost "complete" grammar of Ayyubid ornament. Under the great central arch a nearly complete engaged column with vine leaf-scroll was recovered. It gives us a complete palaeochristian column, probably Vth century. On top in a wreath: a cross which has been chiselled away by the Muslim builders and also parts of a XP monogram. This solves the problem posed by the fragmentary column in three parts discovered in 1952 which made us attribute it once to the 5th and again to the 7th-8th century.

After the 1956 season the villagers dug out one of the wells in the courtyards. Among the débris they had unearthed there was a broken altar with the moon symbol on top. This, some broken decorative columns from the façade and a selection of pottery were retrieved and sent to the Urfa Museum.

A representative selection of oranmented voussoirs, corbels, brackets, etc. was also sent to the Museum.

A road leading up to the mosque on the north side was cleared revealing rows of shops on either side, with platforms in front and a lower street for pack-animals. At some distance north of the mosque a road-junction was cleared revealing parts of three fallen arches arranged round a small square. They were covered with monumental kufic inscriptions which cannot be later than the early 11th century A.D.

- 2. A statue of a warrior complete with portrait-head which is provisionally dated late 2nd early 3rd century A.D. (in a provincial style known to us from the sculptures and mosaics at Urfa and Soğmatar but never before available in such good state of preservation) was recovered from the city wall where it had been used, probably in Islamic times, as a building stone.
- 3. Cuneiform fragments on stone were not large but at least one of these is of great significance. Dr. Saggs has deciphered it thus: "As to É.Húl.Húl, the temple of Sin [king of light] of heaven and earth, my lord, I verily made it great". There can be no doubt that we are at Ḥarrânu and not far from the great temple.
- 4. The deep sounding. A trench  $6 \times 15$  m. was dug three-quarters of the way up the 28 m. mound to the south side of the mosque. We took this by steps down to a depth of 14 m. As a result we obtained good stratified medieval material and are now able to distinguish between early and late Raqqa wares. After the removal of the dwellings in this level, which consisted of a number of private houses, each with its courtyard and private well (some 25 m. deep) which we were able to use for the disposal of the earth, we almost immediately moved into a level which contained painted Iron-Age pottery. There were no buildings of any sort except a platform of unbaked bricks (very distinctly visible in the section) until we came to a level where the painted pottery gradually disappeared to make place for very fine, hard grey wares of various shapes and nearly all of it rilled. It was recognised as a ware belonging to Middle Bronze I with good parallels at Tarsus and elsewhere.

The explanation why we had no proper settlement between the medieval and the Bronze Age one (which had stone walls supplemented by walls made of unbaked bricks and whole pots used as building material) requires explanation.

Trebizond:

Mr. David Winfield summarises the season's work as follows:

Saint Sophia, Trebizond, 1959. The Russell Trust Expedition continued its work on the uncovering and preservation of the Byzantine paintings in Saint Sophia, Trebizond, and Mr. Winfield and Mr. Smith spent some twenty-seven weeks from 21st April to 31st October at work. The 1958 season was spent on the work of cleaning the paintings and this year's work was therefore primarily concerned with the preservation of what had already been cleared. There was some cleaning left in wall areas of the Ascension scene which takes up the vault of the bema, and when this had been finished early in the season the preservation work necessary in the bema and main apse was completed, so that by the end of the season it was possible to remove the scaffolding and have the series of paintings in this area open to view.

In addition some smaller scaffolds were erected in the north-east and south-east chapels where there were paintings in the vaults only, and work on these was completed. Scaffolding was also erected in three of the corner bays of the naos where work will continue next year. The expedition was grateful for some financial assistance from the Turkish Department of Antiquities who paid for new frames and glass for the windows of the church and for re-tiling sections of the roof.

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	1058.	£ 3,914		5,025	1,281	1,200			2,424	1,297			£15,141

Report to the Members of the British Institute of Archaeology at Ankara.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit. In our opinion proper books of account have been received from Ankara. We have examined the above Balance Sheet and annexed Income and Expenditure Account which are in agreement with the books of account and returns. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given us the said accounts give the information required by the Companies Act, 1948, in the manner so required and the Balance Sheet gives a true and fair view of the state of the Institute's affairs as at 31st March, 1959, and the Income and Expenditure Account gives a true and fair view of the excess of Income over Expenditure for the year ended on that date.

Provincial House, 98-106, Cannon Street, London, E.C. 4. 24th September, 1959.

(Signed) MORRISH, WALTERS & CO. Chartered Accountants.

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EXCAVATION FUND ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR TO 31ST MARCH, 1959

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# SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH, 1959.

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